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Grammar MCQ, Vocab MCQ, S&T and Compre Cloze

P5 ENGLISH



For each question from 1 to 10, four options are given. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4) and write your answer in the brackets. (5 marks)

All the students _____ in the library yesterday. 1 (1) is reading (2) are reading (3) was reading () (4) were reading 2 Jason, ______ backpack was left behind in the classroom, is asking for help. (1) who (2) whom (3) which () (4) whose My sister scolded my friend and ______ for being late to the party. 3 (1) (2) me (3) my () (4) mine 4 Lena ______ meeting her friends at the park next weekend. (1) is (2) are (3) was ((4) were) 5 David plays basketball at the gym, _____ he? (1) won't (2) didn't (3) hasn't (4) doesn't ()

Peter is always early to class, _____ his classmates often arrive late. 6 (1) until (2) instead (3) despite whereas () (4) 7 I my cousin emails every month since he moved abroad. (1) sent (2) has sent is sending (3) have been sending ((4)) There was _____ I could do to fix the broken chair, so I called the 8 repairman. (1) few (2) little (3) much (4) () some 9 Nina searched her documents to find the important letter. (1) on into (2) (3) across (4) through () Pointing at the chart in front of her, the teacher said "_____ examples 10 are important for understanding the topic." (1) This

- (2) That
- (3) These
- (4) Those ()

For each question from 11 to 15, four options are given. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4) and write your answer in the brackets. (5 marks)

- 11 Despite his hectic , Jack still managed to help his friend with his homework. (1) plan (2) calendar (3) schedule () (4) programme She entered the jungle, keeping a ______ eye out for wild animals. 12 (1) timid (2) curious (3) watchful (4) () concerned John down the stairs with his sprained ankle, wincing in pain with 13 each step. (1) ambled (2) hobbled pranced (3)) (4) scurried (14 No matter how hard he tried, James failed in his father to let him borrow the car. offering (1) (2) praising (3) approving) (4) persuading (Maya was ______ when she found out she had won the art competition. 15 (1) up in arms (2) feeling blue
 - (3) over the moon
 - (4) green with envy

()

For each of the questions 16 to 20, rewrite the given sentence(s) using the word(s) provided. Your answer must be in one sentence. The meaning of your sentence must be the same as the meaning of the given sentence(s). (8 marks)

16 The teacher explains the lesson clearly

The lesson _____

17 Tom wants to pass the math exam. He has to study more.

18 Mr Smith said, "I will visit the doctor next week."

Mr. Smith said that

19 Lily told her friend, "I broke my pencil during class."

Lily told her friend that _____

20 It started snowing. We had to postpone our picnic.

_____because

Fill in each blank with a suitable word.

Elephant poaching is rampant. Every year, as many as 50,000 elephants in Africa are (16) ______ illegally for their ivory tusks. Now scientists have improved DNA methods that allow them to match up tusks and help (17) _____ down criminal gangs that are selling the ivory.

Even though it's against the (18) ______, African elephants have long been hunted by poachers for their ivory tusks. Other (19) ______, called "traffickers", buy the tusks and (20) ______ them out of the country on a ship. The traffickers re-sell the tusks for even more money, usually in Asia. Elephant tusks can sell for about \$1000 a kilogram.

In the past, it has been hard to (21) _______ the criminals. Usually by the time the dead animals were found, the poachers were far away. When traffickers were caught with tusks or horns, it was (22) ______ to say where the tusks came from. Traffickers usually hide the tusks in tricky ways inside shipments of other products. That means that only about 10% of ivory from poached elephants is ever (23) ______.

Several years ago, scientists led by Dr. Samuel Wasser at the University of Washington (24) ______ out a new way to tackle the problem. Using elephant poop, they built a list of the DNA of almost all the elephants in Africa.

Now when tusks are found on a ship in another country, DNA tests can show where they came from. This (25) ______ can lead to quick action in the (26) ______ patterns in the ways the poachers and traffickers work.

In 2018, Dr. Wasser and his team used DNA to (27) _______two tusks found in different shipments and show that they came from the same elephant. That meant that the shipments were connected. The discovery (28) ______ information about the way the traffickers worked, and revealed the ports often used by smugglers.

However, matching tusks from a single elephant did not happen very often. So, Dr. Wasser came up with a way of (29) ______ the chance of matching tusks. He began looking at family DNA. There are enough similarities between parents, children, sisters and brothers to allow them to be matched (30) _____ DNA. Hopefully this would reduce the amount of trafficking.

Adapted from https://newsforkids.net/articles/2022/02/17/dna-from-elephant-tusks-helps-track-poachers/